The Pyongyang Times

No. 43 (740) Weekly Saturday, September 23, 1978 PYONGYANG, DEMOCRATIC PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF KOREA

In the Presence of Great Leader Comrade KIM IL SUNG

Letters of Loyalty of All Korean People to Him Presented at a Ceremony And Grand Mass Gymnastic Display "Juche Korea" Performed In Honour of 30th DPRK Birthday

A ceremony of presenting letters of loyalty of all the Korean people to the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung on the occasion of the 30th anniversary of the founding of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the magnificent mass gymnastic display "Juche Korea" marking the national fete were held at the Moranbong Stadium on September 22.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung attended the ceremony and saw the mass game.

That day the Moranbong Stadium was packed to capacity with more than 100,000 people.

Hung in place of honour on the tribune of the stadium was a portrait of Comrade Kim Il Sung, the great leader of our Party and our people.

At 3:30 p.m. the great leader of our Party and our people Comrade Kim Il Sung appeared on the platform to the strains of welcome music.

At the moment, cheers of "Long live the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung!" burst forth, the letters "Glory to the great leader" were inscribed on the background of the mass display, hundreds of gun salvos boomed and balloons of different colours were released, spreading a canopy of cloud-shaped fireworks and other beautiful flowery scenes.

Amid the growing enthusiastic cheers a member of the Juvenile Corps rushed forward and cordially presented the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung with a bundle of fragrant flowers.

Present on the tribune were cadres of our country.

Also present there were Comrade Han Dok Su, Chairman of the Central Standing Committee of Chongryon (the General Association of Korean Residents in Japan), Chairman Ho Nam Gi of the Central Standing Committee of the Union of Korean Writers and Artists in Japan and Director Kim Chang Hyon of the Department of Education of the Central Standing Committee of Chongryon, now staying in the homeland.

The tribune was also taken by head of the military friendship delegation of the Republic of Zambia A.G. Zulu, Member of the Central Committee and Chairman of the Defence and Security Committee of the United National Independence Party of Zambia, and head of the delegation of Japanese women for solidarity with the Korean women Tanaka Sumiko, Socialist Member of the House of Councillors, Representative of the Society for Solidarity with the Korean Women, Advisor to the Japan Women's Society and Chairman of the Preparatory Committee of an International Women's Conference for the Independent and Peaceful Reunification of Korea.

Members of the Juvenile Corps presented bunches of bouquets to all those present on the tribune.

A grand ceremony was held to present with respect letters of loyalty of all the Korean people to the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung on the occasion of the 30th founding anniversary of the DPRK, our glorious homeland.

When letter-conveying relay groups entered the stadium waving the red flag bearing the portrait of the great leader amid the ovation of the crowd, the slogans reading "Long live the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung!" and "Long live the glorious Workers' Party of Korea!" were flashed on the background.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung watches the grand mass gymnastic display "Juche Korea" dedicated to the 30th anniversary of the founding of the DPRK

At the stadium there lined up the relay group for conveying loyal letters of the 600,000 Korean nationals in Japan, which came to the socialist homeland thanks to the solicitude of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and the letter-conveying relay groups which rushed to Pyongyang, the capital of revolution, from all parts of the country—the groups that carried with them loyal letters of our workers, cooperative farmers, servicemen of the Korean People's Army, Public Security men and personnel of the Korean People's Security Forces, men of culture and art and pupils and students who are infinitely faithful to the great leader.

Amid the strains of welcome music and prolonged applause, Comrade Han Dok Su, Chairman of the Central Standing Committee of Chongryon, together with members of the relay group for conveying loyal letters of the 600,000 compatriots in Japan in celebration of the 30th DPRK founding anniversary, cordially presented to the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung loyal letters marked with the boundless veneration and ardent admiration of the compatriots in Japan for him.

Then the letters carrying the boundless reverence and intense loyalty of the entire Korean people were presented to the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung. These were presented by members of the relay groups for conveying the loyal letters of the people of all provinces (or cities under central authority), men and officers of the Korean People's Army, Public Security men and personnel of the Korean People's Security Forces, railwaymen, men of culture and art and pupils and students.

After receiving the letters the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung warmly shook hands with the relay group members one by one.

The members of the relay groups solemnly pledged themselves to practise loyalty to the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and the glorious Party, manifesting the firm determination of the entire Korean people, and shouted aloud: "Long live the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung!" and "Long live the glorious Workers' Party of Korea!"

The magnificent mass gymnastic display "Juche Korea" marking the 30th DPRK birthday was performed by 50,000 pupils and students in Pyongyang.

The mass game composed of prologue, eight chapters and finale impressively showed through a grand epic of Juche-based sports and arts the 30-year proud history of our revolutionary government —a history of creation in which our people have worked hard, overcoming manifold hardships and difficulties under the people's power in the past 30 years holding aloft the banner of the immortal Juche idea founded by the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung and a history of changes and exploits in which our country has become a powerful socialist industrial state shaking off centuries-old backwardness.

At the close of the mass display hundreds of gun salvos were fired and varicoloured balloons let loose high into the sky, with the letters "May the great leader enjoy a long life in good health!" being formed on the background. At the moment, the performers and spectators sent up enthusiastic cheers of hurrah, looking up to the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung raised his hand in response to their unending, rousing cheers.

The performers and spectators loudly sang the song of "Long Life and Good Health to the Leader" with the feelings of unbounded reverence for and allegiance to him.

Great Leader Comrade KIM IL SUNG

Receives Foreign Guests

Liberian Government Delegation

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung on September 11 received the Liberian government delegation which came to our country to attend celebrations of the 30th DPRK birthday.

Present on the occasion were the members of the delegation headed by Charles A. Clarke, Minister of State for Presidential Affairs and Economic Adviser to the Presidency of the Republic of Liberia.

Comrade Kong Jin Tae and personage concerned Kil Jae Gyong were on hand.

The head of the delegation conveyed a personal letter of William Richard Tolbert, President of the Republic of Liberia, to the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung expressed thanks for it and conversed with the guests in a cordial and friendly atmosphere.

Algerian Party and Government Delegation

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung on September 11 received the Algerian Party and government delegation which came to our country to attend celebrations of the 30th DPRK birthday.

Present on the occasion were the members of the delegation headed by Mohamed Said Mazouzi, Minister for Ex-Servicemen of the Algerian Democratic and People's Republic.

Present there was Comrade Ho Dam.

Chadly Mohamed, Charge d'Affaires ad Interim of the Algerian Embassy in Pyongyang, was on hand.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung conversed with the guests in a cordial and friendly atmosphere.

Government Delegation of ARE

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung on September 11 received the government delegation of the Arab Republic of Egypt which came to our country to attend celebrations of the 30th DPRK birthday.

Present on the occasion were the members of the delegation headed by Mustafa Kamal Helmi, Minister of Education and Minister of State for Scientific Research of the Arab Republic of Egypt.

Present there were Comrade Chong Jun Gi and personage concerned Li Jong Mok.

Hassan Shukri Saleh Salim, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of the Arab Republic of Egypt to our country, was on hand.

The head of the delegation courteously conveyed a personal letter of Mohamed Anwar el Sadat, President of the Arab Republic of Egypt, to the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung expressed thanks for it and had a conversation with the guests in a cordial and friendly atmosphere.

GDR Party and State Delegation

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung on September 11 received the Party and state delegation of the German Democratic Republic which came to our country to attend celebrations of the 30th DPRK birthday.

Present on the occasion were the members of the delegation headed by Paul Verner, Member of the Politburo of the Central Committee of the Socialist Unity Party of Germany and Secretary of the Party Central Committee and Member of the Council of State.

Present there were Comrade Kim Hwan and personage concerned Kim Gil Hyon.

Dietrich Jarck, GDR Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary to our country, was also on hand.

The head of the delegation courteously conveyed a personal letter of Comrade Erich Honecker, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Socialist Unity Party of Germany and President of the Council of State of the German Democratic Republic, to the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung expressed thanks for it and had a conversation with the guests in a cordial and friendly atmosphere.

Premier of Government of Romanian Socialist Republic

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung on September 13 received head of the Party and government delegation of Romania Comrade Manea Manescu, Member of the Executive Political Committee of the Central Committee of the Romanian Communist Party and Premier of the Government, who came to our country to attend the celebrations of the 30th anniversary of the founding of the DPRK.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung had a conversation with the Premier in an amicable and friendly atmosphere.

Mongolian Party and Government Delegation

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung on September 13 received the Mongolian Party and government delegation which came to our country to attend the celebrations of the 30th DPRK birthday.

Present on the occasion were the members of the delegation headed by Tumenbayaryn Ragtcha, Member of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the Mongolian People's Revolutionary Party and First Deputy Chairman of the Council of Ministers.

Vice-Premier Chong Jun Gi and Vice-Minister of Foreign Affairs Li Jong Mok were present there.

On hand was Nyamzhavin Basanzhav, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of the Mongolian People's Republic to the DPRK.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung conversed with the guests in a cordial and friendly atmosphere.

Party and Government Delegation of Central Africa

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung on September 18 received the Party and government delegation of Central Africa which had attended the celebrations of the 30th anniversary of the founding of the DPRK.

Present on the occasion were the members of the delegation headed by Joaquim Da Silva Nzengue, State Minister of the Palace in Charge of the Organisation of the Party of the Central African Empire.

Comrade Kim Yong Nam and personage concerned Chong Song Nam were present.

Abendoh Hubert, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of the Central African Empire to the DPRK, was also present.

The head of the delegation courteously conveyed a personal letter of His Majesty Bokassa the First, Emperor of Central Africa, to the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung expressed thanks for this and had a conversation with the guests in a cordial and friendly atmosphere.

Ghanaian Government Delegation

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung on September 18 received the government delegation of the Republic of Ghana on a visit to our country.

Present on the occasion were the members of the delegation headed by Charles Spencer Churchil Grant, Commissioner for Special Affairs of the National Redemption Council of the Republic of Ghana.

Vice-Premier Chong Jun Gi and personage concerned Kil Jae Gyong were present on the occasion.

The head of the delegation courteously conveyed a personal letter of His Excellency F.W.K. Akuffo, Head of State and Chairman of the Supreme Military Council of the Republic of Ghana, to the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung expressed thanks for this and had a conversation with the guests in a cordial and friendly atmosphere.

On the Occasion of the 30th Founding Anniversary of the DPRK

Great Leader Comrade KIM IL SUNG

Receives Messages of Greetings from Foreign Party And State Leaders

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Workers' Party of Korea and President of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, received a personal letter from Comrade Y. Tsedenbal, First Secretary of the CC of the Mongolian People's Revolutionary Party and President of the Presidium of the Great People's Hural of the Mongolian People's Republic, and messages of greetings from foreign Party and state leaders on the occasion of the 30th birthday of the DPRK.

The messages of greetings came from:

His Excellency Kristjan Eldjarn, President of the Republic of Island; His Imperial Majesty Birendra Bir Bikram Shah Deva, King of the Kingdom of Nepal; His Imperial Majesty Mohammed Reza Pahlavi, Shahanshah of Iran; His Excellency General Felix Malloum Ngakoutou Beyndi, President of the Republic of Chad; His Imperial Majesty Tuanku Yahya Petra Ibni Al-Marhum Sultan Ibrahim, King of Malaysia; His Imperial Majesty Carl Gustaf, King of the Kingdom of Sweden; His Imperial Majesty Bhumibol Adulyaddet, King of the Kingdom of Thailand; His Excellency Urho Kekkonen, President of the Republic of Finland; His Excellency Dr. Benjamin Henry Sheares, President of the Republic of Singapore; His Excellency Anton Buttigieg, President of the Republic of Malta, and His Excellency Dominic Mintoff, Prime Minister of the Republic of Malta; His Excellency Mathieu Kerekou, Chairman of the CC of the Party of the People's Revolution of Benin, President, Head of State and Head of the Military Revolutionary Government of the People's Republic of Benin; His Excellency Leopold Sedar Senghor, President of the Republic of Senegal; His Excellency Lieutenant General F.W.K. Akuffo, Head of State and Chairman of the Supreme Military Council of the Republic of Ghana; His Excellency Julius K. Nyerere, President of the United Republic of Tanzania, Malietoa Tanumafili the Second, Head of State of West Samoa; His Excellency Colonel Moussa Traore, Chairman of the Military Committee of National Liberation, Head of State and Prime Minister of the Government of Mali; His Excellency Major General Habyarimana Juvenal, President of the Republic of Rwanda and Chairman-Founder of the National Revolutionary Movement for Development; Hassan Bin Talal, Acting King of the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan; Comrade Samora Moises Machel, Chairman of the Liberation Front of Mozambique and President of the People's Republic of Mozambique; His Excellency Luis Cabral, President of the Council of State of the Republic of Guinea-Bissau; His Excellency Kenneth David Kaunda, President of the Republic of Zambia; His Excellency Lieutenant Colonel Ali Abdullah Saleh, President and Commander-in-Chief of the Armed Forces of the Yemen Arab Republic; Asukata Ichio, Chairman of the Central Executive Committee of the Japan Socialist Party, Agune Noboru, its Vice-Chairman, and Kawakami Tamio, Director of its International Department; Comrade Martin Gunnar Gnuttsen, Chairman of the CC of the Norwegian Communist Party; Comrade Fernando Maldonado, General Secretary of the National Executive Committee of the Socialist Revolutionary Party of Ecuador; Takeiri Yoshikatsu, Chairman of the Central Executive Committee of the Komei Party of Japan; Comrade Armand Magnin, General Secretary of the Workers' Party of Switzerland; Dr. Comrade Albaro Montero Megia, General Secretary of the Socialist Party of Costa Rica.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, General Secretary of the CC of the WPK and President of the DPRK, and Comrade Li Jong Ok, Premier of the Administration Council, received messages of greetings from foreign Party and state leaders on the 30th birthday of the DPRK.

The messages of greetings came from:

Comrade Janos Kadar, First Secretary of the CC of the Hungarian Socialist Workers' Party, Comrade Pal Losonczi, President of the Presidium of the Hungarian People's Republic, and Comrade Lagyar Gyorgy, Chairman of the Council of Ministers of the HPR; Comrade Enver Hoxha, First Secretary of the CC of the Albanian Workers' Party, Comrade Haxhi Lleshi, President of the Presidium of the People's Assembly of the People's Socialist Republic of Albania, Comrade Mehmet Shehu, Chairman of the Council of Ministers of the PSRA; Comrade Erich Honecker, General Secretary of the CC of the German Socialist Unity Party and President of the Council of State of the German Democratic Republic, and Comrade Willi Stoph, Chairman of the Council of Ministers of the GDR.

Great Leader Comrade KIM IL SUNG

Receives Gifts from Foreign Delegations and Guests

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung received gifts from foreign delegations and guests on the occasion of the 30th anniversary of the founding of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

Foreign delegations and guests to the celebrations of the 30th birthday of the DPRK, while staying in Pyongyang, handed to leading personnel of our country the gifts for the great leader.

Gifts were presented by the government delegation of Guinea-Bissau headed by Alexandre Nunes Correia, Secretary General of the State Commissariat for Foreign Affairs, Member of the National Council of the African Party for Independence in Guinea-Bissau and Cape Verde and Member of the Autonomous Section Committee of Bissau, on behalf of Luis Cabral, President of the Council of State of the Republic of Guinea-Bissau; by the Party and state delegation of the German Democratic Republic headed by Paul Verner, Member of the Politburo of the CC of the Socialist Unity Party of Germany and Secretary of the Party Central Committee and Member of the Council of State, on behalf of Comrade Erich Honecker, General Secretary of the CC of the Socialist Unity Party of Germany and Chairman of the Council of State of the German Democratic Republic, and Comrade Willi Stoph, Chairman of the Council of Ministers of the GDR; by the delegation of the Socialist People's Libyan Arab Jamahiriya headed by Ibrahim Ahmed Al Kummati, Director of Management and Finance of the General Secretariat of the General People's Congress of the Socialist People's Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, on behalf of Colonel Moammer el Gaddafy, General Secretary of the General People's Congress of the Socialist People's Libyan Arab Jamahiriya; by the Party and government delegation of Syria headed by Suheil Sakarih, Member of the National Leadership of the Basth Arab Socialist Party and Minister of National Students and Public Organizations, on behalf of Hafez al Assad, President of the Syrian Arab Republic; by the government delegation of Indonesia headed by Cosmas Batbara, Minister of People's Housing of the Republic of Indonesia, on behalf of Soeharto, President of the Republic of Indonesia; by the government delegation of Jordan headed by Ghaleb Barakat, Minister of Tourism and Relics of the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan, on behalf of Hussein the First, King of the Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan; by the government delegation of Pakistan headed by Mohammad Arshad Chaudhri, Minister of Science and Technology of the Islamic Republic of Pakistan, on behalf of Mohammad Jia-Ul-Haq, Head of Government and Chief Martial Law Administrator of the Islamic Republic of Pakistan.

Gifts were presented by the Party and government delegation of Democratic Kampuchea headed by Comrade Nuon Chea, Deputy Secretary of the CC of the Communist Party of Kampuchea and Chairman of the Permanent Committee of the People's Congress of Democratic Kampuchea, in the name of the delegation, and by head of the Party and government delegation of Iraq Taha Mohieddin Maarouf, Vice-President of the Republic of Iraq, in his personal name.

Gifts were presented by the delegation of the Progressive Socialist Party of Lebanon headed by Farid Gebrane, Vice-President of the Progressive Socialist Party of Lebanon, Member of the Parliament and President of the Lebanese Committee for the Reunification of Korea, on behalf of the Party; by the Party and government delegation of Burundi headed by Emile Moroha, Permanent Secretary of the Party of National Unity and Progress of Burundi, on behalf of the Party; by the Party and government delegation of Hungary headed by Gyula Szeker, Member of the CC of the Hungarian Socialist Workers' Party and Deputy Chairman of the Council of Ministers, on behalf of the Hungarian Socialist Workers' Party and the government; by the delegation of the Labour Party of Spain headed by Eladio Garcia Castro, General Secretary of the CC of the Labour Party of Spain, on behalf of the CC of the Party; by the delegation of the French Communist Party headed by Raymond Guyot, Member of the CC of the French Communist Party, on behalf of the CC of the Party; by the delegation of the French Socialist Party headed by Philippe Machefer, Member of the Directing Committee of the French Socialist Party and Member of Senate, on behalf of the Directing Committee of the Party; by the delegation of the Socialist Party of Costa Rica headed by William Reuben, Member of the Political Bureau of the Socialist Party of Costa Rica, on behalf of the Party; by the government delegation of Malaysia headed by Michael Chen Wing Sum, Minister of Housing and Local Government of the Federation of Malaysia, on behalf of the Malaysian government; by the delegation of the German Communist Party headed by Hermann Gautier, Vice-Chairman of the German Communist Party, on behalf of the Chairman of the Party; by the delegation of the Workers' Party of Switzerland headed by Batie Rudolf, Member of the Political Bureau of the CC of the Workers' Party of Switzerland and Secretary of Basel Conton, on behalf of the General Secretary of the Party.

Gifts were also presented by the government delegation of Nepal headed by S.S. Rana, Member of the National Panchayat of the Kingdom of Nepal; the Party and government delegation of Mongolia headed by Tumenbayaryn Kagtcha, Member of the Political Bureau of the CC of the Mongolian People's Revolutionary Party and First Deputy Chairman of the Council of Ministers; the delegation of the Japan Socialist Party headed by Kitayama Airo, Vice-Chairman of the Central Executive Committee of the Japan Socialist Party; the delegation of the General Council of Trade Unions of Japan (Sohyo) headed by Takayama Kanji, Vice-Chairman of the General Council of Trade Unions of Japan and Chairman of the Central Executive Committee of the All-Japan Metal Industry Workers' Union; the delegation of the Shimonoseki City Assemblymen's League for Promotion of Japan-Korea Friendship headed by Tanaka Shigetoshi, Chairman of the Shimonoseki City Assemblymen's League for Promotion of Japan-Korea Friendship; the government delegation of Upper Volta headed by Ouedraogo Mousha Ernest, Director of the Secretariat of the Foreign Ministry of the Republic of Upper Volta; the Party and government delegation of the Sudan headed by Mohamed Hashim Awad, Member of the Political Bureau of the CC of the Sudan Socialist Union and Assistant to Secretary General for Development and Service and Minister of Cooperation; the Party and government delegation of Senegal headed by Lamine Ba, Member of the Bureau of the National Assembly of the Republic of Senegal and Member of the CC of the Senegalese Socialist Party; the government delegation of Seychelles headed by Isme Jumeau, Member of the Central Executive Committee and National Treasurer of the Seychelles People's Progressive Front; the delegation of the Malta Labour Party headed by Joseph Filletti, Vice-Chairman of the CC of the Malta Labour Party; the Party and government delegation of Bulgaria headed by Mitko Grigorov, Member of the CC of the Bulgarian Communist Party and Vice-President of the State Council; the Party and government delegation of Poland headed by Franciszek Kaim, Member of the CC of the Polish United Workers' Party and Vice-Chairman of the Council of Ministers; the delegation of the Swiss Independent Socialist Party and the Swiss Progressive Organizations headed by Carobbio Warner, General Secretary of the Swiss Independent Socialist Party; the Party and state delegation of the Soviet Union headed by N.M. Matchanov, Member of the CC of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union, Vice-President of the Presidium of the Supreme Soviet of the USSR and President of the Presidium of the Supreme Soviet of the Uzbek Soviet Socialist Republic; the delegation of the Progressive Gaullists Union of France headed by Dominique Galle, General Secretary of the Progressive Gaullists Union of France; the delegation of the Italian Socialist Party headed by Antonio Landolfi, Member of the CC of the Italian Socialist Party, Member of its Direction and Member of the Chamber of Deputies of the Italian Parliament; on behalf of the delegations.

Gifts were also presented by head of the government delegation of Burma U Myint Maung, Minister of Foreign Affairs of the Socialist Republic of the Union of Burma; head of the government and parliament delegation of India Ravindra Varma, Minister of Labour and Parliamentary Affairs of the Republic of India; head of the government delegation of Mali Sekouly, State Secretary for Internal Affairs of the Republic of Mali; head of the Party and state delegation of the German Democratic Republic Paul Verner, Member of the Politburo of the CC of the Socialist Unity Party of Germany and Secretary of the Party Central Committee and Member of the Council of State; the Director of the International Department of the Progressive Gaullists Union of France who is member of the delegation of the Union, and his wife; and the family of Mitterrand, First Secretary of the French Socialist Party.

The delegation of the Communist Party of Belgium headed by Maurice Magis, Member of the CC of the Communist Party of Belgium, conveyed a gift of the Mayor of Charleroi, Belgium.

Gifts were also presented to the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung by the members of the "Society for the Study of the Works of President Kim Il Sung" of the White Line Stock Company of Japan and the members of the Tainichi Trade Company of Japan.

The leading personnel of our country expressed thanks for the precious gifts they had prepared to present to the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung on the occasion of the 30th anniversary of the founding of the DPRK.

Celebration Functions Held In Various Countries

Diverse events were held in various countries on the occasion of the 30th anniversary of the founding of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea. Newspapers, news agencies and broadcasting stations gave wide publicity to our country.

Meetings

On September 6, a celebration meeting of representatives of public circles in the capital of the USSR was held in Moscow.

Attending the meeting together with a number of representatives of public circles were Mikhail Solomentsev, Alternate Member of the Political Bureau of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union, Vladimir Dolgikh, Secretary of the CC of the CPSU, Kurban Khalilov, Vice-President of the Presidium of the Supreme Soviet of the USSR, Ziva Nuriev, Vice-Chairman of the Council of Ministers of the USSR, and leading personages concerned.

At the meeting, the Chairman of the Central Committee of the Soviet-Korean Friendship Association made a report.

A central commemorative meeting was held in Prague on September 4 under the auspices of the Central Committee of the Czechoslovak National Front.

Present there together with Prague citizens were Milos Jakes, Alternate Member of the Presidium, and Secretary, of the CC of the Czechoslovak Communist Party, and other responsible functionaries of the Party and government bodies and public organizations of Czechoslovakia and personages of different social strata.

The rally was addressed by Vice-Premier Rudolf Rohlicek.

On September 7, a commemorative meeting was held in Havana with the participation of Diocles Torralba Gonzalez, Member of the State Council and Deputy Prime Minister of the Republic of Cuba, other responsible functionaries of the Cuban Party and government bodies and public organizations and a large number of people.

Besides, mass rallies were held at the China-Korea Friendship Hongsing People's Commune on the outskirts of Peking, in the Yugoslavia-Korea Friendship Kuragjevac county in the Serbian Socialist Republic of Yugoslavia, at the political military officers training school in Uji City of Poland and in Michaelrovgrad City of Bulgaria.

Book and Photo Exhibitions

On September 7 a "book and photo exhibition to mark the 30th birthday of the DPRK" was opened in Peking under the sponsorship of the Chinese People's Association for Friendship with Foreign Countries.

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"The 30 Years of the Republic Is a History Of Full Bloom of Great Juche Idea"

Foreign Guests Make Inspection Tour

Many foreign delegations and delegates that attended the 30th birthday celebrations of the Democratic People's Republic of Korea toured various parts of our country.

One of the places they called at is the Museum of Korean Revolution, a sanctuary of education in the Juche idea.

After visiting the Museum the head of the Party and government delegation of Sao Tome and Principe said:

"This Museum erected by the Korean people who are firmly equipped with the revolutionary idea of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung is a school of education which gives a great inspiration even to the peoples of the world engaged in the revolution. The Korean people could have a great museum of revolution built like this, because they are a people who have traversed a glorious road of revolution repulsing the invasion of colonialism and imperialism."

The head of the delegation of the Labour Party of Spain said that in order to maintain independence the countries which are not freed from the yoke of imperialism yet and the newborn independent countries should study the Juche idea and that all people in the world follow the Juche idea.

Foreign guests looked round the International Friendship Exhibition.

A member of the Party and government delegation of Gambia remarked:

"The immortal Juche idea of the great President Kim Il Sung illumines the road ahead of us.

"Now the people call him the great leader, the respected and beloved leader, holding him in high esteem. I am sorry to say that we fail to find better terms to honour him.

"Korea is the motherland of the immortal Juche idea, and the International Friendship Exhibition is not merely a friendship exhibition, but a monument symbolizing the reverence of the world's people for President Kim Il Sung, the great leader."

The head of the Party and government delegation of Rwanda declared:

"Today the Juche idea is spreading on a worldwide scale beyond Korea.

"The august name of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung is eulogized in Asia, Africa, Latin America and other continents of the world."

Foreign delegations and delegates went to see factories, enterprises and cultural establishments, and they stated in unison that the miraculous successes achieved by the Korean people are a brilliant fruition of the great Juche idea.

At the Kumsong Tractor Plant the head of the Party and government delegation of Central Africa noted that the marvellous achievements scored by the Korean people themselves are a brilliant fruition of the great Juche idea and that only victory and glory are in store for the Korean people who are making the revolution under the guidance of the great leader President Kim Il Sung whom the world's people revere so ardently.

In his visit to the Wonhwa Cooperative Farm the head of the government delegation of Seychelles said that the Korean people have achieved very admirable successes in the field of agriculture by displaying the revolutionary spirit of self-reliance and added that the splendid successes attained by the Korean people in the domain of agriculture give an immense encouragement to them who are building a new society.

After seeing the Central Industrial and Agricultural Exhibition the head of the Party and government delegation of Gabon stressed that the Korean people have registered great successes in industry, agriculture and all other realms in a short span of time and that the 30 years of the Republic was a history of full bloom of the great Juche idea.

The head of the government delegation of the Arab Republic of Egypt expressed his impressions of the Pyongyang Metro in these words:

"The metro of Korea is wonderful. I saw many subways in the world, but I couldn't see such a magnificent and splendid subway as Korea's.

"Upon inspecting the Pyongyang Metro we are fully confident that the highly-developed Korean industry can produce anything you want."

The head of the delegation of the Palestine Liberation Organization who paid a visit to the Museum of Victorious Fatherland Liberation War said that the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung led the two wars against Japanese and US imperialisms to victory.

He went on:

"Declaring that only by depending on the strength of the masses of the people can victory be won, the great Comrade Kim Il Sung united the people and mobilized their inexhaustible strength for the victory of the war.

"Thanks to the wise guidance of the great leader the Korean people armed with the Juche idea and the spirit of Chollima could always succeed in the revolution and construction."

After visiting the Museum of Victorious Fatherland Liberation War the head of the delegation of the Zimbabwean Patriotic Front noted that everything they learnt in the Museum was a great help to them fighting in arms for their country and that through their visit to the Museum they realized more deeply the greatness of the respected and beloved leader Comrade Kim Il Sung.

After inspecting educational establishments and public health service institutions foreign delegations and delegates expressed their great admiration for the signal successes gained in these domains.

At the Pyongyang June 9 Ryongbuk Senior Middle School the head of the delegation of the Japan-Korea Solidarity Committee of Social Scientists had this to say:

"President Kim Il Sung set forth the policy on the intellectualization of the whole society without precedent in the world. This is not a simple problem to develop the economy and elevate the level of industrial production, but a great idea to liberate human beings.

"The 11-year compulsory education system now in force in Korea is the most advanced and superior system of education in the world."

After inspecting the Pyongyang Students and Children's Palace, the head of the government delegation of Indonesia pointed out that the superior educational method of Korea will be greatly conducive to the development of education in many countries of the world.

The Party and government delegate of Jamaica called at the Korean Red Cross Hospital and said that nowhere can we find such a country as Korea which takes thoroughgoing measures for preventive medicine and gives all people the benefit of a completely free medical care under the sagacious leadership of the great leader. This shows that the great Juche idea has been embodied in public health, too, the delegate added.

Foreign delegations and delegates that visited Panmunjom vehemently condemned the US imperialists and their henchmen who keep Korea divided artificially, and they expressed firm support and solidarity for our people's cause of national reunification.

Noting that the present partition of Korea into the north and the south is due to the inhumanitarian and deliberate occupation of south Korea by the US imperialists, the head of the delegation of the Communist Party of Mexico stressed:

"Korea was one from ancient times and will be one for ever.

"The Communist Party and people of Mexico will positively support the Korean people's cause of national reunification."

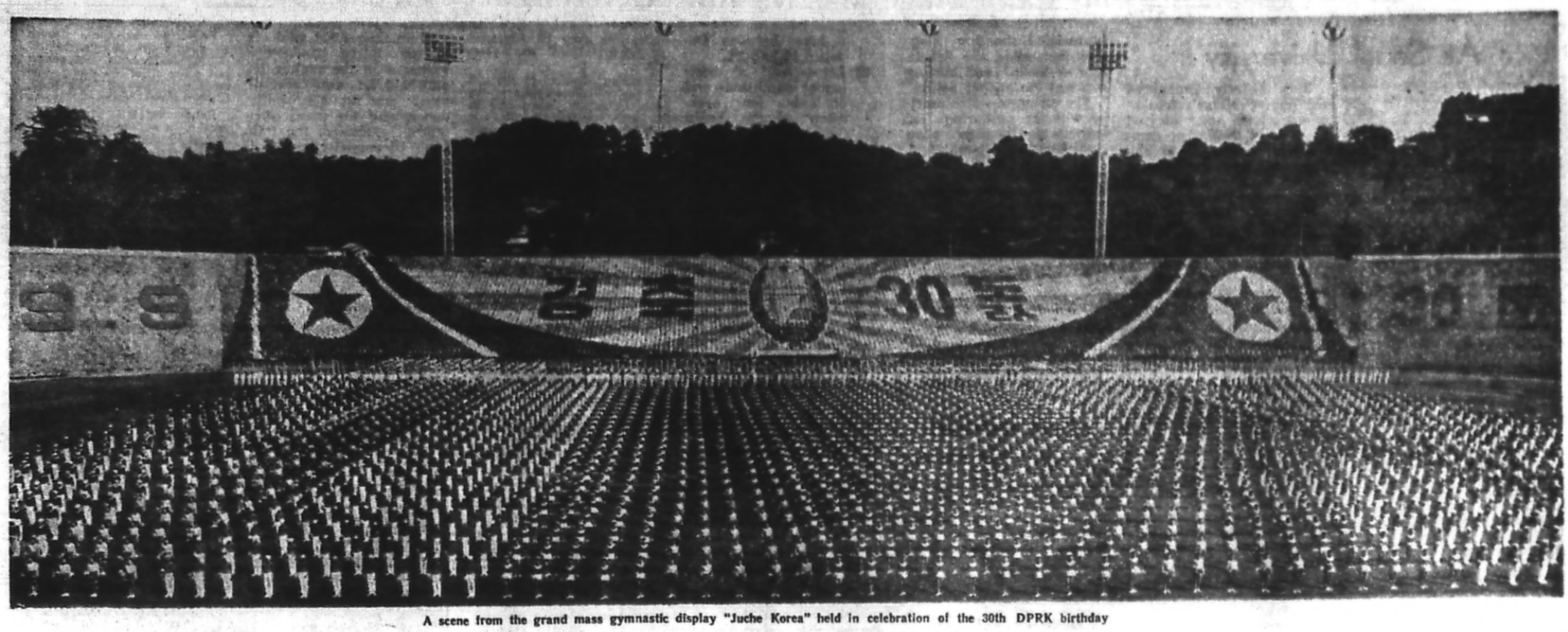
Stating that the people and government of Yemen pungently castigate the US imperialists' occupation of south Korea and their aggressive machinations, the head of the Party and government delegation of the People's Democratic Republic of Yemen pointed out:

"We resolutely support the struggle of the Korean people to realize the country's reunification in accordance with the three principles and five-point policy of national reunification put forward by the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung."

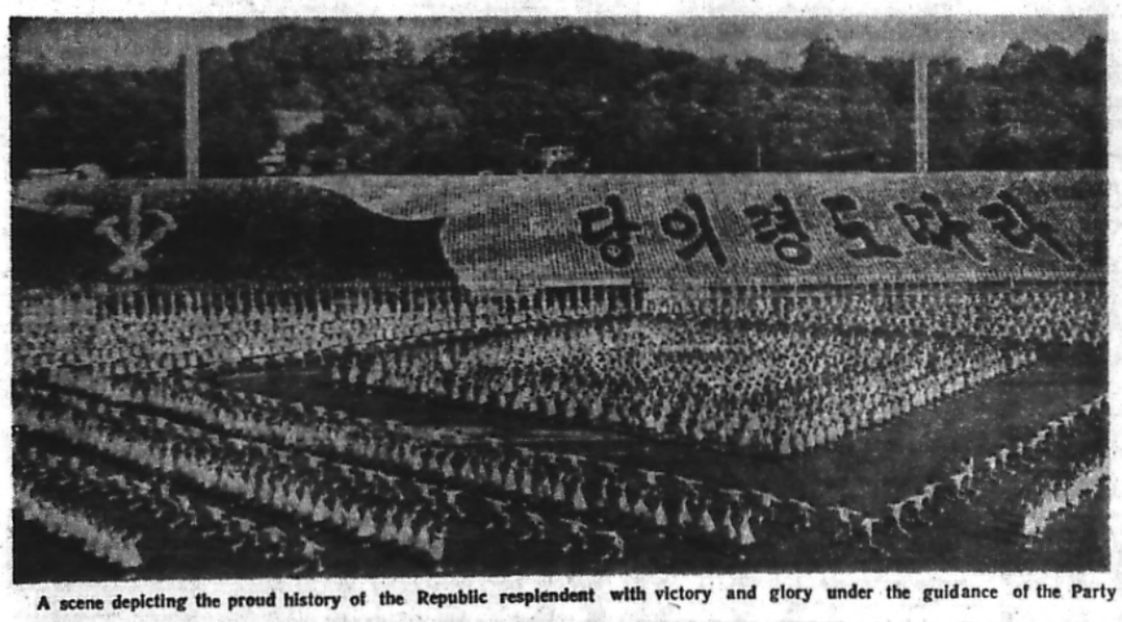
The Benin Party and government delegation at the International Friendship Exhibition

The government delegation of the Yemen Arab Republic inspects the Central Industrial and Agricultural Exhibition

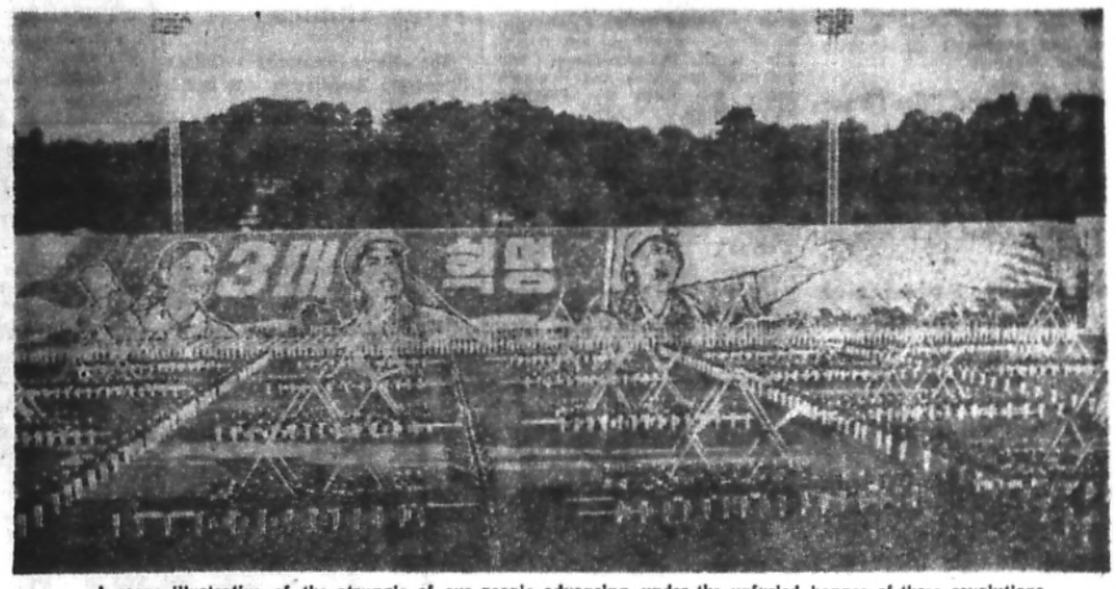
MASS GYMNASTIC DISPLAY "JUCHE KOREA"



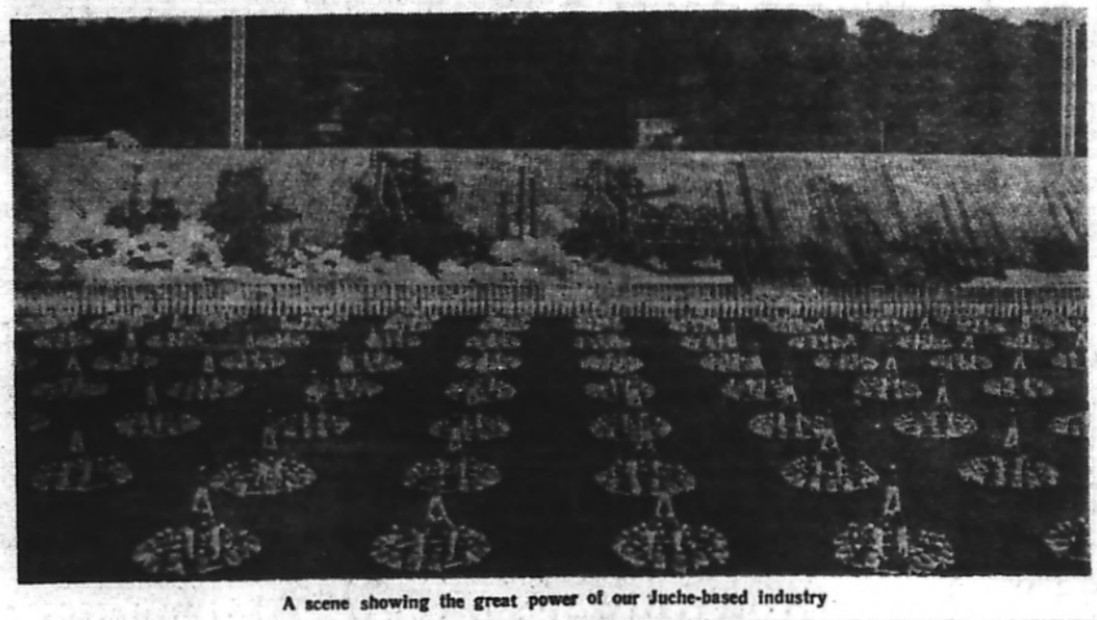
A scene from the grand mass gymnastic display "Juche Korea" held in celebration of the 30th DPRK birthday



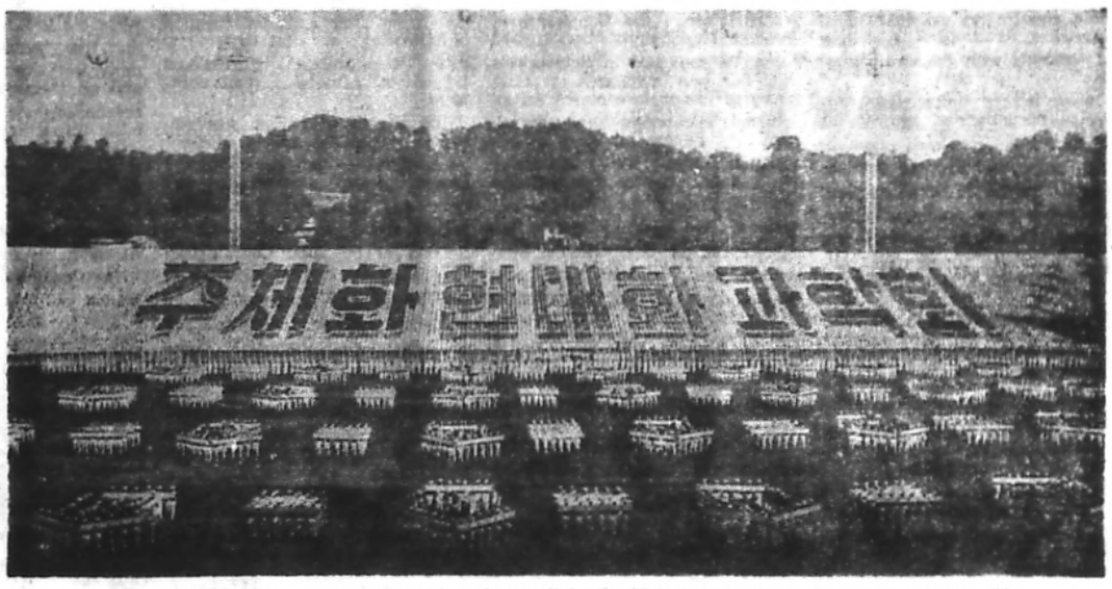
A scene depicting the proud history of the Republic resplendent with victory and glory under the guidance of the Party



A scene illustrative of the struggle of our people advancing under the unfurled banner of three revolutions



A scene showing the great power of our Juche-based industry



A scene describing our people's struggle to attain the high targets of the Second Seven-Year Plan

Recognition of Only One Korean State Represented by DPRK

Afghanistan Severs Diplomatic Relations with South Korean Puppet Clique

The Afghan government on September 17 officially announced that Afghanistan severed diplomatic relations with the south Korean puppet clique, according to a report from Kabul.

This step was taken at a Cabinet meeting of the Democratic Republic of Afghanistan held that day, presided over by Noor Mohammad Taraki, Chairman of the Afghan Revolutionary Council and Prime Minister.

A government statement issued after the Cabinet meeting noted that the Government of the Democratic Republic of Afghanistan recognizes only one Korean state represented by the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

This just step is a heavy blow at the US imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, their stooges, who obdurately hamper the independent and peaceful reunification of Korea, persisting in the "two Koreas" plot.

This also patently proves that the desperate attempt of the US imperialists to isolate our Republic in the international arena meets a shameful fiasco and the US imperialists and the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique, their stooges, are isolated more and more in the international arena.

Facts show that the Government of our Republic whose international prestige and authority are rising with each passing day is the genuine legitimate representative of the Korean people and enjoys the unqualified support of the peoples of the non-aligned countries and developing countries.

The government of Afghanistan severed the diplomatic relations with the south Korean puppet clique.

This bold and revolutionary measure taken by the Afghan government is a just one which reflects the trend of the present era when the peoples of the world oppose imperialism and colonialism and take the path of independence.

The drastic step of the Afghan government is a strong support and encouragement to the righteous cause of our people struggling to smash the "two Koreas" plot of domestic and foreign splittists and to realize the independent, peaceful reunification of the country.

The Afghan government broke off with the south Korean puppets, dirty stooges of the US imperialists. This amounted to bringing down a sledge hammer upon the head of the traitorous Pak Jung Hi clique and dealing a hard-hitting blow to the imperialist reactionaries who back them.

The Korean people highly evaluate the just action of the government of Afghanistan and warmly hail it.

The Afghan government's severance of diplomatic relations with the south Korean puppet clique is an expression of the steadfast anti-imperialist, independent stand of the government and people of Afghanistan.

The Afghan people, emancipated from feudalistic exploitation and oppression after the victory of the April Revolution this year, embarked on the glorious road of building a new society under the correct leadership of Prime Minister Noor Mohammad Taraki and are successfully carrying out the tasks of democratic revolution, effecting progressive reforms in all fields of politics, economy and culture. In its external affairs the government of Afghanistan pursues a neutral and non-aligned policy and develops the relations of friendship and cooperation with Asian, African and Latin American countries which are struggling against imperialism and for independence.

The Afghan government and people extend active support and encouragement to the struggle of our people for socialist construction and national reunification.

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung has said:

"The number of the supporters and sympathizers of our people's just cause for the independent, peaceful reunification of the country is growing daily. On the other hand, the US imperialists and their lackeys who are against the reunification of our nation are more isolated and rebuffed internationally."

The Afghan government's severance of diplomatic relations with the south Korean puppet clique convincingly proves that today the Democratic People's Republic of Korea enjoys unqualified support in the international arena as the only legitimate sovereign state representing the genuine national interests and will of the entire Korean people, whereas the south Korean puppets are denounced and repudiated as a band of despicable traitors and fascists going against the trend of the era of independence and as foul servants of imperialism.

Under the wise leadership of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, the Government of our Republic, taking the immortal Juche idea as its immovable guiding principle, thoroughly implemented the revolutionary line of independence, self-support and self-defence in all fields of state activity and thus converted our country into an independent socialist country.

The independent and principled foreign policy and the policy for the country's independent and peaceful reunification of our Party and the Government of our Republic, set forth by the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, are enlisting the active support and sympathy of the peoples all over the world, and the international prestige and authority of our Republic are rising as the days go by.

On the contrary, the south Korean puppet clique are hated, despised and condemned by the world's people and they find themselves ever more seriously isolated on the international scene. This is a natural consequence of the treacheries of the south Korean puppet bandits and their unheard-of fascist barbarities and of the indelible crimes they committed against the people's just cause of liberation as henchmen of US imperialism in the execution of its policy of aggression and war.

Today when the peoples of the world who advocate independence are fighting to wipe out colonialism from the surface of the globe once and for all, the south Korean puppets, swimming against the current of the times, put the whole land of south Korea at the disposal of imperialists as a colony and military base and are begging for the perpetual occupation of south Korea by the US imperialist aggressor troops and seeking to gratify their lust for long-term office with the help of their masters' bayonet-wielding.

Owing to the criminal treacherous acts of the Pak Jung Hi fascist clique and their war preparations south Korea has now turned into a land where human rights are violated most wantonly—elementary democratic freedom and rights are totally trampled underfoot, into a living hell unprecedented in history and into a hotbed of dangerous war.

Worse still, the south Korean puppets perpetrated all sorts of crimes as a detached force in the service of imperialism to bar the people's righteous cause for liberation and independence and are now resorting to every conceivable means to wreck the Non-Aligned Movement from within.

The south Korean puppets are, in fact, the most despicable human scums having not an iota of independence and serving imperialism as a tool in its aggression, truculent fascist hangmen and bellicose elements seeking a way out by means of war.

It is self-evident that the south Korean puppet "regime" is not a regime with which dignified independent states should have any relations.

The Afghan government's severance of diplomatic relations with the south Korean puppet clique, the faithful executor of the US imperialists' policy of colonial subjugation, is a revolutionary step against imperialism and for independence and a great contribution to the anti-imperialist, revolutionary cause of the independent forces.

The Korean people deem it their great pride that they have such a valorous and dignified people as the Afghan people as their comrade-in-arms in Asia.

Our people value the friendly and cooperative relations with the people of Afghanistan and will, as ever, advance in firm unity with them in the common struggle against imperialism and for independence.

We heartily wish the Afghan people big successes in the struggle to defend revolutionary gains, build a new society and develop their country independently under the leadership of Prime Minister Noor Mohammad Taraki.

Well-Deserved Punishment To South Korean Puppet Clique

"PAK JUNG HI, RESIGN" "REPEAL YUSIN SYSTEM"

S. Korean Student Youth Stage Massive Anti-"Government" Demonstrations

At Seoul University

Hundreds of patriotic students of the Seoul University rose again in a massive anti-"government" struggle in the daytime on September 13 and held a meeting and demonstration, according to a foreign press report from Seoul.

At the meeting they issued a "declaration on democracy and situation" appealing to all the colleges and universities of south Korea to call strikes against the "Yusin system" and to the students and citizens to hold an anti-"government" meeting in connection with the lapse of six years since traitor Pak Jung Hi's fabrication of the fascist "October Yusin."

They bitterly denounced the puppet clique's treacherous crimes and adopted a ten-point resolution demanding "resignation of Pak Jung Hi" and "overthrow of the Yusin system" and then entered into a sit-in.

Some 400 puppet policemen pounced upon the students. They desperately tried to disperse the students, firing tear-gas bombs.

Moving here and there in the university campus, the students staged a demonstration. They stubbornly resisted, shouting slogans demanding the "abolition of Yusin" and hurling rocks at the puppet police.

The struggle which started with the scattering of leaflets shortly after noon continued till 4 p.m.

The puppet police arrested many students.

In the "declaration on democracy and situation," the students made the following appeal to the entire south Korean college and university students and citizens as a concrete action programme:

1) Colleges and universities throughout the country, call strike for 6 days between October 16 and 21.

2) Let us hold a meeting of all citizens and students for overthrow of the Yusin system at the square in front of the Sejong Hall of Culture in Seoul at 6 p.m. on October 17.

October 17 is the day when traitor Pak Jung Hi fabricated the "October Yusin" six years ago.

Directing attention to the fact that the patriotic students of the Seoul University again rose in the anti-"government" struggle with the beginning of the new school term on September 1, Jiji reported:

It seems that "the students movement will gain momentum again with the start of the new school term".

At Koryo University

In the wake of the anti-"government" struggle of Seoul University students, students of the Koryo University in Seoul waged a resolute struggle on September 14, according to foreign press reports from Seoul.

More than 1,000 students of the Koryo University gathered in the auditorium and held an anti-"government" meeting vehemently denouncing the fascist dictatorial system of the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique.

Then they turned out and staged a campus demonstration, shouting "Repeal the Yusin system," "Restore academic freedom," "Stop suppressing the labour movement" and "Journalism, wake up." They were highly elated to surge out to the street.

Frightened by the staunch struggle of the students, the fascist clique hurriedly sent puppet riot police about 300 strong, who desperately tried to block them, firing tear-gas bombs.

Not daunted, the students showered rocks on the puppet police. They destroyed janitor's room at the entrance to the university where plainclothesmen were staying and knocked down one of them.

As the students struggle gained momentum as time passed, the fascist clique sent armed riot police into the campus. Then puppet police fired tear-gas bombs and brandished clubs to disperse the students.

They arrested more than 10 students.

(Continued from Page 2)

Earlier, on September 1 a photo exhibition was opened in Belgrade, Yugoslavia under the auspices of the Federal Secretariat in Charge of Information.

An "exhibition of works of President Kim Il Sung and modern Korean books celebrating the 30th anniversary of the founding of the DPRK" was held in Tokyo from September 2 to 6 under the sponsorship of the Japan-Korea Cultural Interchange Association.

Photo exhibitions were held in Ulan Bator, capital of Mongolia, Togo, Benin, Tanzania, Equatorial Guinea, Iraq, Mozambique, Algeria, Uganda, the Congo, Senegal, Guinea, Burundi, Democratic Yemen, Laos and Mali and book and photo exhibitions in Ethiopia and Syria and a book, photo, needlework and handicraft exhibition in Helsinki, Finland.

Film Week and Film Show

A Korean film week was held in various countries—China, Iraq, Togo, Benin, Egypt, Syria, Tanzania, Austria, Zaire, etc.—and Korean film show was arranged in Algeria, the Congo, Mali, Senegal and Japan.

Newspapers, Radios and News Agencies

The September 9 issue of the Chinese "Renmin Ribao" carried an editorial headlined "Brilliant Course of Struggle".

The editorial reviewed the successes scored by the Korean people in the past 30 years in the revolution and construction under the wise leadership of the great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung, and it pointed out that the position of the DPRK is rising as the days go by in the international arena.

The editorial continued:

The Chinese government and people always resolutely support the Korean people's sacred cause of national reunification and strongly denounce the divisive policy of the United States and the Pak Jung Hi clique.

Reunification of Korea is a common aspiration of all the Korean people. The Korean question must be solved by the Korean people themselves without any outside interference, in accordance with the three principles and five-point policy set forth by President Kim Il Sung.

The editorial held that the United States must withdraw all its aggressor troops and armaments from south Korea.

Besides, articles were made public by Czechoslovak newspapers "Pravda", "Lidova Demokracie", "Svobodne Slovo" and "Zemedelske Noviny", Lao news agency "Pathet Lao", Lao paper "Sieng Pasason", Lao radio, Syrian paper "Tishurin" and Lebanese paper "Al Shaab".

Friendship Associations Formed

Korea-Senegal

The Korea-Senegal Friendship Association was founded.

Its inauguration was held in Pyongyang on September 14.

Chu Hwa Jong was elected its Chairman.

A letter to Leopold Sedar Senghor, President of the Republic of Senegal, was adopted at the inaugural meeting.

Korea-Equatorial Guinea

The Korea-Equatorial Guinea Friendship Association was founded.

Its inaugural meeting was held in Pyongyang on September 15.

Chi Jae Ryong was elected its Chairman.

A letter to Masie Nguema Biyogo Negue Ndong, Constitutional Life President of the Republic of Equatorial Guinea, was adopted at the meeting.

Korea-Rwanda

The Korea-Rwanda Friendship Association was founded.

Its inaugural meeting was held in Pyongyang on September 12.

Ryu Gum Son was elected its Chairman.

A letter to Juvenal Habyarimana, President of the Republic of Rwanda and Founder-Chairman of the National Revolutionary Movement for Development, was adopted at the meeting.

Korea-Mozambique

The Korea-Mozambique Friendship Association was inaugurated in Pyongyang recently.

The leading body of the Association was elected at the inaugural meeting.

Son Song Pil was elected the Chairman of the Association.

A letter to Samora Moises Machel, President of the People's Republic of Mozambique, was adopted at the meeting.

Agreement on Friendship and Co-operation Signed between Korean and Congolese Friendship Associations

An agreement on friendship and cooperation was signed in Pyongyang recently between the Korea-Africa Friendship Association and the Congolese Association for Friendship among Peoples.

Attending the signing ceremony on our side were Chang Yun Pil, Han Ik Su and other personages concerned and on the opposite side were Chairman of the Congolese Association for Friendship among Peoples Nikola Okonggo, Member of the Military Committee of the Congolese Party of Labour and Director of the General Political Bureau of the National People's Army and Second Vice-Minister of Defence; Samba Oscar, Congolese Ambassador to Korea, and other members.

The agreement was signed by Chang Yun Pil and Nikola Okonggo.

Hell of Tears, Village of Rancour

In a Village of US Army Base

A recent issue of "Hyokmyong Chonson", a newspaper published in south Korea, carried an article written by a journalist after his visit to Sonyuri, a village of US army base, in Imjin sub-county, Paju county, Kyonggi Province. Below we print his article:

Human Slaughterers

It is more than 20 years since Sonyuri became a village of US army base. With a brook flowing in the middle of the village in between, there stand barracks of a US army unit surrounded by wire entanglements on one side and dwelling houses of the inhabitants there on the other.

As a poet said, this village seems to be "a hell of tears, a village of rancour."

What is audible first when one enters the village is a wail of a woman. Her tearful voice coming from a shack at the foot of the hill is so piteous that passers-by halt for a long while.

A young man explained to me the reason why she was abandoning herself to grief. He said: "The husband of the sobbing woman over there was beaten to death while working at a US army unit."

Her husband Ho Jin had long been with a US army unit as an employed worker. While bringing in a large amount of war supplies Yankees had Ho Jin and other workers carry them on their backs. Ho Jin was old. Besides, the load he had to carry was heavy and the weather was sultry. And he could not eat his fill. No wonder he went at slower pace than others.

Finding faults with this, GIs fell upon him in a group and committed an outrage, striking him with the stock of their rifles and kicking at him. With a dreadful shriek, he collapsed never to rise again.

What is this, if not an atrocity of human butchers? This diabolical barbarity is pretty much the same with that of their predecessors who had exterminated Indians on the American continent. Nor is this all.

Two days earlier, US sergeant Jackson kicked at ten-year-old shoeshine boy Kim Song Jin on the ground that the boy could not polish his boots well. The victim became insensible. US corporal Kite shot with a hunting gun at a peasant working on the dry field, thereby inflicting a severe injury upon him. The Yankee did so just to kill time.

These happenings are enough to arouse national indignation.

Devilish Night

The leave-time of the US troops is 6 p.m. At this hour of the day GIs crowd out of the barracks on the other side of the brook, as if a honeycomb were given a jog. Then they perpetrate robbery and other outrages. So the villagers say that "devilish night" has begun.

Since Sonyuri was reduced to a village of US army base hundreds, nay, thousands of big and small robber cases occurred there. Once 20 GIs assaulted a shop in a group and carried away goods in trucks. By forming a gang, three GIs intruded into a peasant house, tied the host with cord and took away 150,000 won in cash. A GI took a passing car and, on the way, strangled the driver to death before he emptied the latter's purse to the last penny.

In the past six months alone similar cases happened on 74 occasions.

What is more intolerable in the crimes of the Yankees is that they brutally rape south Korean women.

Some time ago US sergeant James forcibly took away a passing woman and raped her. Benet and two other GIs stormed into a house of a woman, violated her by turns and killed her.

GIs are not human beings but beasts in human guise.

Full of Resentment

Bestialities committed by the US imperialist aggressor troops are stirring the wrath of the people. This year alone, the villagers put up a staunch struggle three times, demanding the withdrawal of the US imperialist aggressor troops and the stoppage of their outrages.

But the Pak Jung Hi puppet clique shut their eyes to all barbarities of the Yankee devils, saying: "There is some apprehension of causing a crack in the bonds of friendship between south Korea and the United States". They do not mind whether our fellow countrymen are knocked to death or plundered of all their properties by Yankees.

The puppets are of the deepest dye.

The young man said to me: "Pak Jung Hi kowtows before Yankees. But we people cannot be mean-spirited like him. As hitherto, so in the future, we will fight resolutely against the enemies." What he said is expressive of the will of all the villagers.

Everyone is determined to fight on more dauntlessly to drive the US imperialist aggressors out of this land and achieve the country's independent and peaceful reunification.

Non-Aligned Countries Keep Strengthening Unity and Cooperation

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung has said:

"The new-emerging countries should counter the dominationists' manoeuvres for division, alienation and scramble with the strategy of unity."

Owing to the imperialists' aggressive machinations against the new-emerging countries, non-aligned countries, and the dominationists' intrigue to establish their control over these nations, the new-emerging countries are facing many difficulties and the Non-Aligned Movement is undergoing a trial.

Having keenly realized the need for unity at present through their experience of life, the non-aligned countries are countering the imperialists' and dominationists' scheme for aggression and supremacy with the strength of unity, surmounting every obstacle.

The desire of the non-aligned countries to repudiate imperialism and dominationism and fight on with a united strength for the common goal of the Non-Aligned Movement was fully manifested in conferences held of late.

Particularly, the Conference of Foreign Ministers of Non-Aligned Countries convened in Belgrade in July this year reaffirmed the principles of this movement—to defend national independence and sovereignty and oppose all sorts of aggression, intervention, oppression and plunder by the dominationist forces including imperialism—and stressed the need to check the schemes of the dominationist forces for split, estrangement and scramble and promote the cohesion of the Non-Aligned Movement to the fullest extent on the basis of independence. Thus the Belgrade Foreign Ministers Conference was neither split nor went bankrupt but demonstrated unity and cohesion, contrary to the expectations of the imperialists, though complicated problems cropped up within the Non-Aligned Movement.

A session of the Coordinating Bureau of the Non-Aligned Countries held in May in Havana discussed a series of problems including the world's political and economic situation and the question of unfolding a joint struggle to settle the present international issues and adopted a final document.

The matter of further strengthening cooperation among non-aligned countries in the spheres of communication, information and radio and TV broadcast was discussed and decided at the Second Session of the Joint Coordinating Bureau of the News Agencies of the Non-Aligned Countries held in Indonesia and the Second Session of the Inter-governmental News Coordinating Bureau of the Non-Aligned Countries called in Cuba in April and the Meeting of Radio and TV Broadcast Special Groups of the Non-Aligned Countries convened in Algeria in May.

The 15th Congress of the OAU State and Government Leaders held in Khartoum in July adopted a resolution on African joint strategy to strengthen the Non-Aligned Movement.

Unity of the Non-Aligned Movement also finds expression in the fact that member nations of this movement ensure unity in action and pit themselves jointly against the imperialists at the UN and in other international forums.

An example is furnished by the Foreign Ministers Conference of the Non-Aligned Countries called in May in connection with the Special Session of the UN General Assembly on Armament Reduction.

The conference discussed the matter of taking concerted action at the UN General Assembly Special Session on Armament Reduction and adopted relevant documents.

As a result, the said UNGA Special Session could denounce the US imperialists who, while running wild in arms drive, are knee-deep in new war provocation moves after shipping into south Korea nuclear weapons and other military equipment.

Unity of non-aligned countries is also expressed in closely cooperating with each other in the struggle to defend natural resources and develop and utilize them.

In order to counter the US machination to drop tin price in the international market, the non-aligned countries and a series of other countries called a meeting in Indonesia and decided to put up a joint struggle to get a fair price. The 31st General Meeting of the Union of Cocoa Producing Countries held in the capital of Gabon discussed the matter of equating the cocoa sales policy.

With a view to promoting economic, technical and cultural cooperation, the non-aligned countries called a session of the Coordinating Bureau on Scientific and Technical Cooperation among the Non-Aligned Countries in New Delhi in June and discussed the matter of how to strengthen cooperation in this sphere and set up a centre for this purpose. Besides, many non-aligned countries are taking measures to promote bilateral cooperation in different spheres—economy, technology, culture, etc.

All the facts show that no matter how obstinately the imperialists and dominationists manoeuvre, they can never stave off the vigorous advance of the Non-Aligned Movement.

Cho Son Won

STRUGGLE OF NON-ALIGNED COUNTRIES TO BUILD INDEPENDENT NATIONAL ECONOMY

The great leader Comrade Kim Il Sung has said:

"If non-aligned countries are to maintain independence, they must achieve economic self-support by building an independent national economy."

Today the peoples of non-aligned countries are striving to build an independent national economy, holding aloft the banner of anti-imperialism and independence.

Active steps for nationalization have been taken by these countries to destroy the economic footholds of foreign monopoly capitalists who robbed them of their natural resources and the fruit of their people's labour.

In Madagascar, Iraq, Burma, Guyana, Algeria, Syria and other non-aligned countries, factories and enterprises formerly in the possession of imperialists are placed under state control and managed in a coordinated way.

The Tanzanian government published a statement—a resolute measure to oust from Tanzania a mining and land company which had been run by Britain and Rhodesia.

Kuwait put under state control the US oil company "Amin Oil" which was engrossed in the plunder of oil resources for long in its southern part.

Recently the government of Democratic Yemen proclaimed a law on nationalizing Britain's oil-processing and industrial companies.

Thanks to such progressive measures employed by non-aligned countries favourable conditions have been created in their struggle to build an independent national economy.

Building an independent national economy with their own strength and their own natural resources has now become an aspiration of non-aligned countries.

These countries, having mapped out plans for economic development, are augmenting investments in industry and are erecting factories and enterprises in key industrial branches which rely on their own raw materials.

In Bangladesh it is envisaged to construct factories and enterprises of state-run sectors in the fiscal 1977-78. This work is now being actively pushed ahead. In Nigeria over two-thirds of the total state investments have been diverted to metallurgical, machine-building, oil extracting and processing industries, transport and other branches in the period of the current five-year plan.

In the Congo a hydro-electric power station was completed and put into commission of late.

Under scientific and technological agreements non-aligned countries strengthen mutual economic and technical cooperation in the firm belief that they can develop their national economy, not relying on the science and technology of imperialists.

It is of weighty importance for these countries to exchange their good experiences and techniques and cooperate with each other in developing the independent national economy.

Singapore and Sri Lanka, Guinea-Bissau and Guinea, Mozambique and Zambia agreed to develop trade and economic relations and strengthen cooperation in scientific and technological fields.

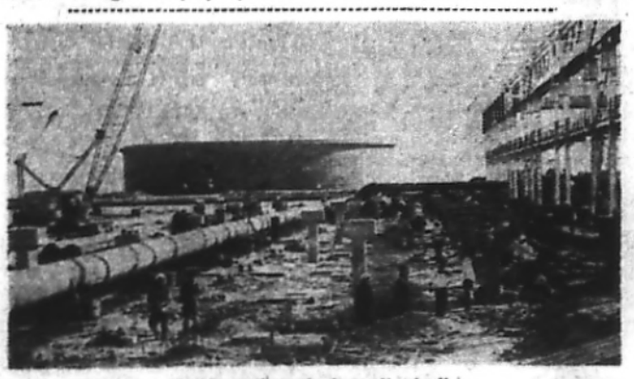
Such countries as Tunisia, Egypt, Benin, Togo and India are developing the relations of mutual cooperation in economic, cultural, scientific and technological spheres.

In non-aligned countries which embarked on a hope-filled path to a new life, tremendous efforts have been directed to training their own technical personnel, a sure guarantee for the development of an independent national economy, and great strides made in agriculture.

All the facts show that these countries are launching a dynamic struggle to build an independent national economy.

The peoples of non-aligned countries will certainly score fine successes in their struggle to build an independent national economy.

Kim Gyong Hui



Iraqi workers laying oil pipeline

16th Anniversary of Victorious YAR Revolution

On September 26, 1962 the people of north Yemen overthrew the old feudal monarchy and proclaimed a Republic.

After the victory of the revolution the people of the Yemen Arab Republic waged an energetic struggle to construct a prosperous independent and sovereign state under the banner of anti-imperialism and independence.

Under the correct leadership of the Command Council of the YAR, they have scored admirable successes in the building of the national economy and national culture.

The government and people of the YAR proclaimed the first five-year plan for the development of the national economy and are making endeavours for its fulfilment.

New factories and enterprises are rising and the foundation of national industry is being laid.

The rural appearance is being changed. Arable land has been expanded and irrigation facilities have been built, with the result that agricultural production is on the increase.

Progress has also been made in education and culture. The students of schools at all levels markedly increase in number. The San'a University has a student body of 3,600, or a growth of 57 times over the year when the university was set up.

In its external activities, the Yemen Arab Republic, pursuing an independent policy based on the principle of non-alignment, opposes imperialism and colonialism and actively supports the struggle of the Palestinian and other Arab peoples to liberate the occupied land and recover national rights.

The YAR government and people extend positive support and encouragement to the just struggle of our people for withdrawal of all foreign troops from south Korea and for reunifying the country independently and peacefully.

We Korean people who value the friendship and solidarity with the YAR people wish that they will gain greater successes in their struggle to build a new life.

Kim Yong Hui

Crops cultivated by farmers in a mountainous area of the Yemen Arab Republic

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